other patients, were so occupied at the time the patient was admitted to the SNF for treatment of a condition that required immediate inpatient SNF care, and have been so occupied during the interval.

- (2) Period of payment. In the situations specified in paragraph (b)(1) (i) and (iii) of this section. Medicare pays for a private room until the patient's condition no longer requires isolation or until semiprivate or ward accommodations are available.
- (3) Conditions for patient's liability. The facility may charge the patient the difference between its customary charge for the private room furnished and its most prevalent charge for a semiprivate room if:
- (i) None of the conditions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section is met, and
- (ii) The private room was requested by the patient or a member of the family who, at the time of request was informed what the charge would be.

§ 409.23 Physical, occupational, and speech therapy.

Medicare pays for physical, occupational, or speech therapy as posthospital SNF care if—

- (a) It is furnished by the facility or under arrangements made by the facility, and
- (b) Billing for the therapy is by or through the facility.

§ 409.24 Medical social services.

Medicare pays for medical social services as posthospital SNF care, including—

- (a) Assessment of the social and emotional factors related to the beneficiary's illness, need for care, response to treatment, and adjustment to care in the facility;
- (b) Case work services to assist in resolving social or emotional problems that may have an adverse effect on the beneficiary's ability to respond to treatment; and
- (c) Assessment of the relationship of the beneficiary's medical and nursing requirements to his or her home situation, financial resources, and the community resources available upon discharge from facility care.

[63 FR 26306, May 12, 1998]

§ 409.25 Drugs, biologicals, supplies, appliances, and equipment.

- (a) Drugs and biologicals. Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, Medicare pays for drugs and biologicals as posthospital SNF care only if—

 (1) They represent a cost to the facil-
- (1) They represent a cost to the facility;
- (2) They are ordinarily furnished by the facility for the care and treatment of inpatients; and
- (3) They are furnished to an inpatient for use in the facility.
- (b) Exception. Medicare pays for a limited supply of drugs for use outside the facility if it is medically necessary to facilitate the beneficiary's departure from the facility and required until he or she can obtain a continuing supply.
- (c) Supplies, appliances, and equipment. Except as specified in paragraph (d) of this section, Medicare pays for supplies, appliances, and equipment as posthospital SNF care only if they are—
- (1) Ordinarily furnished by the facility to inpatients; and
- (2) Furnished to inpatients for use in the facility.
- (d) Exception. Medicare pays for items to be used after the individual leaves the facility if—
- (1) The item is one that the beneficiary must continue to use after leaving, such as a leg brace; or
- (2) The item is necessary to permit or facilitate the beneficiary's departure from the facility and is required until he or she can obtain a continuing supply, for example, sterile dressings.

[63 FR 26307, May 12, 1998]

§ 409.26 Transfer agreement hospital services.

- (a) Services furnished by an intern or a resident-in-training. Medicare pays for medical services that are furnished by an intern or a resident-in-training (under a hospital teaching program approved in accordance with the provisions of §409.15) as posthospital SNF care, if the intern or resident is in—
- (1) A participating hospital with which the SNF has in effect an agreement under §483.75(n) of this chapter for the transfer of patients and exchange of medical records; or